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<u>Unit 6 - Imperialism - Guided Reading</u> Section 1

Section 1 <u>Directions -</u> Read pages 692-696. As you read answer the following questions in the form of a complete sentence.
1) What two areas of the world were the focus for the new age of imperialism?
2) What did Alfred Mahan say the United States needed to become a world power?
3) What two territories were acquired by the United States in 1867?
4) What was the name of the agreement that took power away from the Hawaiian King and gave more power to American planters?
5) How did opening up trade with the United States change Japanese history?
6) Based on the reading and the picture on page 695, why do you think the Japanese agreed to trade with the United States?
7) Why did John Hay and the United States propose the Open Door Policy in China?

information, fill in the blank with the appropr	iate vocabulary word.
1) Areas of China where foreign nations had s	special trading privileges are called
·	
2) Secretary of State	was responsible for annexing Midway
and purchasing Alaska.	
3) In 1898 the United States annexed the King	gdom of Sixty years
later it would become the 50th state.	
4) This agreement opened up trade between	the United States and Japan.
5) The Influence of Sea Power upon History by	convinced the
United States to build the Great White Fleet ar	
6) George Washington established the foreign staying out of the affairs of foreign countries.	n policy of,
7) The Fists of Righteous Harmony were the l	eaders of the,
An uprising in China against foreign powers.	
8) The	is the excuse for imperialism used by the
United States and European powers.	

<u>Directions -</u> Based on the reading, class notes, and your own ability to look up

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<u>Unit 6 - Imperialism - Guided Reading</u> Section 2

<u>Section 2</u> <u>Directions - Read pages 697-702.</u> As you read answer the following questions in the form
of a complete sentence.
1) How did <i>yellow journalism</i> affect Americans opinions towards the Cuban Revolution?
2) What warship's destruction led the United States to take action against Spain?
3) Who was the leader of the rebels in the Philippines?
4) What was the leading cause of death for American soldiers during the Spanish-American war?
5) When did the Platt Amendment "expire?"
6) What law granted United States citizenship to the people of Puerto Rico?
7) In what year was the Philippines finally granted their independence from the United States?

information, fill in the blank with the ap	propriate vocabulary word.
	gainst Spain, thestated
that the U.S. had no interest in taking co	ontrol of Cuba.
2) Commodore	secured the first victory of the
Spanish-American War at the Battle of N	Manila Bay.
3) The organization called the	opposed the Treaty of es an overseas empire.
4) The, pas in Puerto Rico.	ssed in April of 1900, established a civil government
5) Thet "parent-like" control over Cuban affairs	o the Cuban constitution gave the United States
6) The Battle ofduring the Spanish-American War.	became a symbol of American courage
7) Joseph Pulitzer andyellow journalism.	were known for their use of
8) President	_ was in office during the Spanish-American War.

<u>Directions -</u> Based on the reading, class notes, and your own ability to look up

<u>Unit 6 - Imperialism - Guided Reading</u> Section 3

Section 3	
<u>Directions -</u> Read pages 704-709. As you read answer the following questions in the form of a complete sentence.	
1) What U.S. warship's journey was the catalyst to building a canal in Panama?	
2) How did the U.S. help Panama win its revolution?	
3) Explain one obstacle (problem that needs to be overcome) to the building of the Panama Canal?	
4) What South American country's debt to Great Britain and Germany led to the Roosevelt Corollary?	
5) What kind of diplomacy was favored by President Taft?	
6) What Mexican city was seized by the United States to interfere in the revolution in Mexico?	
7) Where in Cuba does the United States have a Naval base?	

information, fill in the blank v	with the appropriate vocabulary word.
	decided that the United States needed to build a
canal in Panama and was goir	ng to find a way to do it no matter what.
2) Dr	was responsible for controlling the outbreak of disease
caused by mosquitoes.	
	to the Monroe Doctrine stated that the United
States had the right to interve	ene in the affairs of Latin American countries.
	_ was a Mexican revolutionary who gave the U.S. an excuse to
intervene when he killed 17 A	Americans.
5) Gunboat diplomacy is anoten policy.	ther way of expressing President Roosevelt's
6) The Panama Canal shorter kilometers.	ned the route from San Francisco to New York by
7) If I am traveling from the (Caribbean Sea to the Pacific Ocean through the Panama Canal
you follow a course that goes	(specific direction.)
8) The Panama Canal uses a s	series of to raise and lower ships.

<u>Directions -</u> Based on the reading, class notes, and your own ability to look up